



ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS FOR PIPETEC PUSH FITTINGS

You can connect pipes quickly and without any assembly tools with our push fittings. All you need is pipe cutters and a calibrator. The aluminium composite pipe is cut to the desired length using pipe cutters. Calibration is required to ensure that the pipe end is completely round and deburred after cutting. At the same time, calibration creates a chamfer. This allows the fitting to be inserted into the pipe without damaging the sealing ring.

▶ NOTE

Perfect functioning of the pipe connection can only be ensured by using fittings with the DVGW-certified Pipetec aluminium multilayer composite pipe. Please note how important it is to ensure correct and expert calibration and deburring using a suitable tool. The connection is permanent! Before attaching the fitting, please ensure that the pipe is the required length and no attachment clips or similar have to be placed over the pipe.



1

CUTTING THE PIPE TO LENGTH

The pipe must be cut to the desired length using a suitable tool. The cross-sectional area of the cut must be perpendicular to the pipe. Diagonal cuts must be avoided.

Handsaws, jigsaws and blunt tools are not suitable for cutting to length.



2

CALIBRATING AND DEBURRING THE PIPE

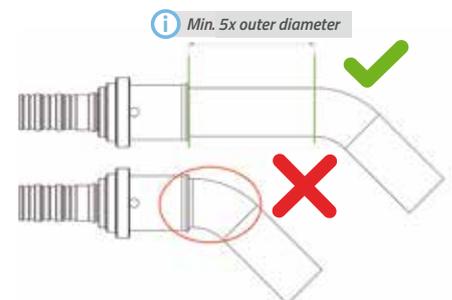
The pipe end must be calibrated and deburred after trimming. To do this, the calibrator must first be inserted into the pipe up to the stop. Deburring is then completed by turning the calibrator. Turning removes material from the interior of the pipe, creating a cone that makes it easier to insert fittings and also protects the wedge seal from damage. **PLEASE NOTE: Please use only our grey K1626 calibrator for calibration!**



3

ASSEMBLY OF FITTINGS

Use appropriate force to insert the fitting into the end of the pipe axially up to the stop. The two integrated inspection windows indicate the correct insertion depth. Both inspection windows must be filled by the white pipe. The fittings are prepared for immediate assembly in the factory, please do not use additional lubricant.



4

FINAL TESTING

Check that the pipe is firmly in place. It must not be possible to pull the pipe out. It is essential to carry out a pressure and leak test (see page 67).